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THE IMPLEMENTATION OF HUMAN INDICATOR REFORMS IN UZBEKISTAN

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ABSTRACT

The development of society, state and people will increase only when the study of human indicators in the development of a democratic society from a socio-philosophical point of view, socio-economic, political development in human development is closely linked with cultural and enlightenment. In the following article This article provides a socio-philosophical analysis of the strategic reforms implemented in Uzbekistan in the field of human development in Uzbekistan.

KEYWORDS: *Human Rights, Development, Policy, Strategy, Sdgs, Indicator, Society, Reforms, Initiatives.*

INTRODUCTION

Today, Uzbekistan has acceded to more than 70 international normative documents on the human factor and the realization of its rights, including 6 main UN treaties and 4 Optional Protocols. National reports on the implementation of these international instruments are regularly submitted to the UN Human Rights Council and treaty committees.

Over the past period, Uzbekistan has ratified important international human rights instruments. In particular, 4 conventions of the International Labor Organization, 3 treaties of the World Intellectual Property Organization and a number of other international documents have been ratified.

DISCUSSION AND RESULTS

In his Address to the Oliy Majlis on January 24, 2020, President of Uzbekistan Shavkat Mirziyoyev touched upon the development of human capital, paying special attention to the following aspects:

First, to improve the welfare of the population and improve its social protection. "According to statistics released by the world community today, more than 800 million people in the world live

in extreme poverty and are unable to meet their basic needs” [1]. Many of them have virtually no access to health, education, water resources, and sanitation.

Today, in Uzbekistan, the rural population, which does not have an adequate source of income and is low-income, makes up about 12-15% and covers 4-5 million of the country's population [2]. In order to reduce the rates of poverty in the country, it is seen not only through pensions and financial assistance, but also as a way to solve these problems by creating greater opportunities for entrepreneurship in remote areas of the republic, creating new jobs.

In this regard, in order to provide social support to the population of the country in 2017-2020, more than 40 decrees and resolutions of the President of Uzbekistan Shavkat Mirziyoyev on social assistance were adopted. Among them is the adoption of the Resolution of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan dated March 26, 2020 No PP-4653 “On the organization of the Ministry of Economic Development and Poverty Reduction of the Republic of Uzbekistan and its system organizations” [3] and Decree of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan dated March 26, 2020 “On measures to radically update the state policy on economic development and poverty reduction” [4]

In addition, in connection with the implementation of the UN Sustainable Development Goals in Uzbekistan, the development of the Poverty Reduction Program, which is a priority area of social development on the basis of the state program for the implementation of the Strategy Actions for 2017-2021, as well as the adoption of the task is urgent due to post pandemic tendencies in the world which is rapidly change.

Second, the health care system in the country and issues of improving its quality. The urgent tasks in this area are the 3-goal of the SDGs, which is in harmony with the goals of ensuring health and well-being, an indicator of ensuring a healthy lifestyle and contributing to the well-being of a person of all ages.

According to research, the number of deaths among children under the age of five in the world today has dropped from 12.7 million to 6.3 million. That is, in 2013, 17,000 fewer children died every day than in 1990. Since 1990, maternal mortality has dropped by almost half [5]. However, despite the increase in public health and well-being in recent years, there are still shortcomings in the use of health services. It is noteworthy that SDG's promotion of a healthy lifestyle and the well-being of people is an important goal in the development of society.

Today in Uzbekistan, the priorities of increasing the role and prestige of doctors in social life, their financial support and improving working conditions are becoming increasingly important. In particular, the provision of state medical institutions and the population with medicines by President Shavkat Mirziyoyev is 1.3 times more than in 2018, or about 1.5 trillion soums. It is also planned to spend 1.1 trillion soums from the state budget for the construction and repair of 281 medical institutions in the country, and then to introduce modern management mechanisms in the management of 17 specialized scientific and practical medical institutions. Several modern medical centers are being built in the Republic of Uzbekistan including in the regions and districts.

In the implementation of these reforms, the law “On compulsory medical insurance” adopted in 2019 covers such tasks as the adoption and implementation of an online monitoring system for the Real cost of medicines.

Third, reforms to support women and youth in the republic in 2020. This task is consistent with SDG's Goal 5. Today, nearly two-thirds of developing countries have achieved gender equality in primary education. Today, in the process of education and work of men and women together, it is the basis for building mutual respect and a spiritually healthy relationship in society.

However, even today, the equality of men and women is denied in the world, leading to stagnation in social development through unfounded heresies, unhealthy attitudes and opinions. "According to 2014 statistics, 143 countries in the world have guaranteed equal rights for women and men in their constitutions, but 52 countries have not yet included it in their constitutions" [6].

Although gender equality is being pursued by countries around the world today, the problem of gender, i.e. gender inequality, persists. This inequality can be observed in the processes of participation in education, wages, life expectancy, power and governance.

In accordance with the plan for 2020 in Uzbekistan, in order to provide preferential loans of 5.5 thousand women for the implementation of small business projects in the amount of 100 billion soums, and in order to allocate new housing to 1 thousand 576 women, initial payment from the state budget has been established. In order to increase the economic literacy of women in need of social assistance, large-scale reforms have been implemented in the Women's Entrepreneurship Centers, such as short-term training courses within the framework of 5 important initiatives.

In this regard, an "Iron book" has been created in Uzbekistan to provide financial support to the population. Also, at the proposal of President Shavkat Mirziyoyev in a video conference on October 8, 2020, it is planned to create a "Youth Registry" and "Women's Registry" in order to provide social, material and psychological assistance to women and youth in society, to direct them to education and profession.

The Decree of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan No. PF-6017 of June 30, 2020 "On measures to radically reform the state youth policy in the Republic of Uzbekistan and bring it to a new level" and the establishment of a new body on the basis of the Youth Union - the Agency for Youth Affairs - on the basis of the Resolution of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan dated June 30, 2020 No PP-4768 "On the organization of the Agency for Youth Affairs of the Republic of Uzbekistan" confirms that these reforms are implemented in practice.

The Agency has been transferred to the structure of the Institute for the Study of Youth Problems and Training of Prospective Personnel, established in 2017 under the Academy of Public Administration under the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan. The main activity of the Agency is a state institution with the status of a legal entity, aimed at studying the problems of youth, conducting scientific and analytical research in this area, as well as retraining and advanced training of promising young professionals.

Today, Uzbekistan pays special attention to youth issues, as evidenced by the Samarkand Forum on Human Rights "Youth 2020: Global Solidarity, Sustainable Development and Human Rights" held on August 12-13, 2020. The forum discussed a draft international convention on the rights of youth at the UN level, covering topical issues of promoting the rights of youth.

It is also important to show the trends and results of the state youth policy in Uzbekistan to the world community at the Samarkand Forum "Youth 2020: Global Solidarity, Sustainable Development and Human Rights" on August 12-13, 2020.

Fourth, to decide on a healthy lifestyle among the population of the republic. For this purpose, 269 football, volleyball, basketball and badminton courts, 178 boxing, wrestling, fitness and gymnastics gyms, 32 tennis courts worth almost 500 billion soums are being implemented to attract the younger generation to mass sports in the country.

Practical confirmation of these reforms can be seen in the adoption of the laws on the establishment of the “Order of Health” and the “Medal of Healthy Life”, signed by the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan Shavkat Mirziyoyev on May 26, 2020.

The Order of Health is of two levels, the first of which is awarded to citizens of the Republic of Uzbekistan and foreign citizens who have made a worthy contribution to the development of medicine in the country, its development in accordance with modern requirements and supporting public health. In addition, the Order of Health of the 2nd degree will be awarded to citizens of the Republic of Uzbekistan and foreign citizens who have actively participated in the protection of public health, prevention and elimination of various diseases.

The “Medal of Healthy Life” is intended to promote a healthy lifestyle in the country, to promote the rules of personal hygiene, to make sports and physical education a part of their daily lives, and to recognize the services of citizens as a personal example to the public.

It is also a bright manifestation of Uzbekistan’s support for a healthy lifestyle in the world, based on the hosting of the IV Asian Youth Games in 2025 by the cities of Tashkent and Samarkand.

Fifth, the issue of protecting the environment and improving the ecological situation. President of Uzbekistan Shavkat Mirziyoyev plans to continue work to prevent the consequences of the Aral Sea tragedy, expand afforestation in its arid part, and establish “green belts” in Nukus, Urgench and Khiva. Today in Uzbekistan the development of the draft Ecological Code is an important issue in maintaining the cleanliness of the environment, ensuring the legal framework for environmental sustainability.

Sixth, special attention should be paid to cultural and art institutions, strengthening their material and technical base. It is planned to build and reconstruct theaters and cultural facilities serving human development and its rise, including 22 theater and cultural facilities in the Republic by the state budget, to establish 20 cultural centers and parks.

Based on the tasks set out in the Strategy Actions for the five priority areas of development of the Republic of Uzbekistan for 2017-2021, attention is paid to increasing the role of cinema in instilling in the minds of Uzbek youth respect for national and universal values, love for the motherland. In our opinion, the recent economic concepts are generally meaningful have a different meaning. The most important of factor for achieving the high levels of human indicator is employment. The human indicators are related with the modern processes of reforms. The concept of human development has not lost its relevance even today, clearly age or not clearly defined by any other criteria. In terms of the number of employees of any enterprise, their number who have the ability and right to work in a broad sense, and on their own the ability of a country to produce any consumption value we can understand the total population.

In addition, there is no doubt that the promotion of cultural heritage and the formation of a sense of respect for it in the hearts of young people will contribute to the rise of the human criterion on the basis of the establishment of the second international status festival in the city of Shahrizabz, the celebration of 145-year-old birthday of enlightened

The practical confirmation of these reforms was announced on the basis of the decree of the president of the Republic of Uzbekistan Shavkat Mirziyoyev “On measures to further increase the role and influence of the culture and art sphere in the life of society” dated April 15, 2020 in the country “Day of culture and Art Workers of the Republic of Uzbekistan”.

In addition, the Uzbek National Institute of Musical Arts named after Yunus Rajabi and the Research Institute of Cultural Heritage in the form of a state institution have been established in the country. In particular, the Republican Specialized Music Academic Lyceums named after V.Uspensky and R.Glier were transformed into the Republican Specialized Music Schools named after V.Uspensky and R.Glier, respectively. The reorganization and reestablishment of the State Dance Ensemble “Bahor” named after Mukarrama Turgunbaeva under the Ministry of Culture on the basis of the decree of President Shavkat Mirziyoyev on February 4, 2020 “On measures to further develop the art of national dance” is also an important news in the cultural life of the country [7].

CONCLUSION

In short, the greatest wealth of Uzbekistan today is the human factor. At the heart of the large-scale strategic reforms being carried out in the country, the priority is to improve the living standards of the population, to ensure the well-being of each of our compatriots, to create all conditions for their happy life. The pace of strategic reforms in the country is mobilizing this goal to become a reality.

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