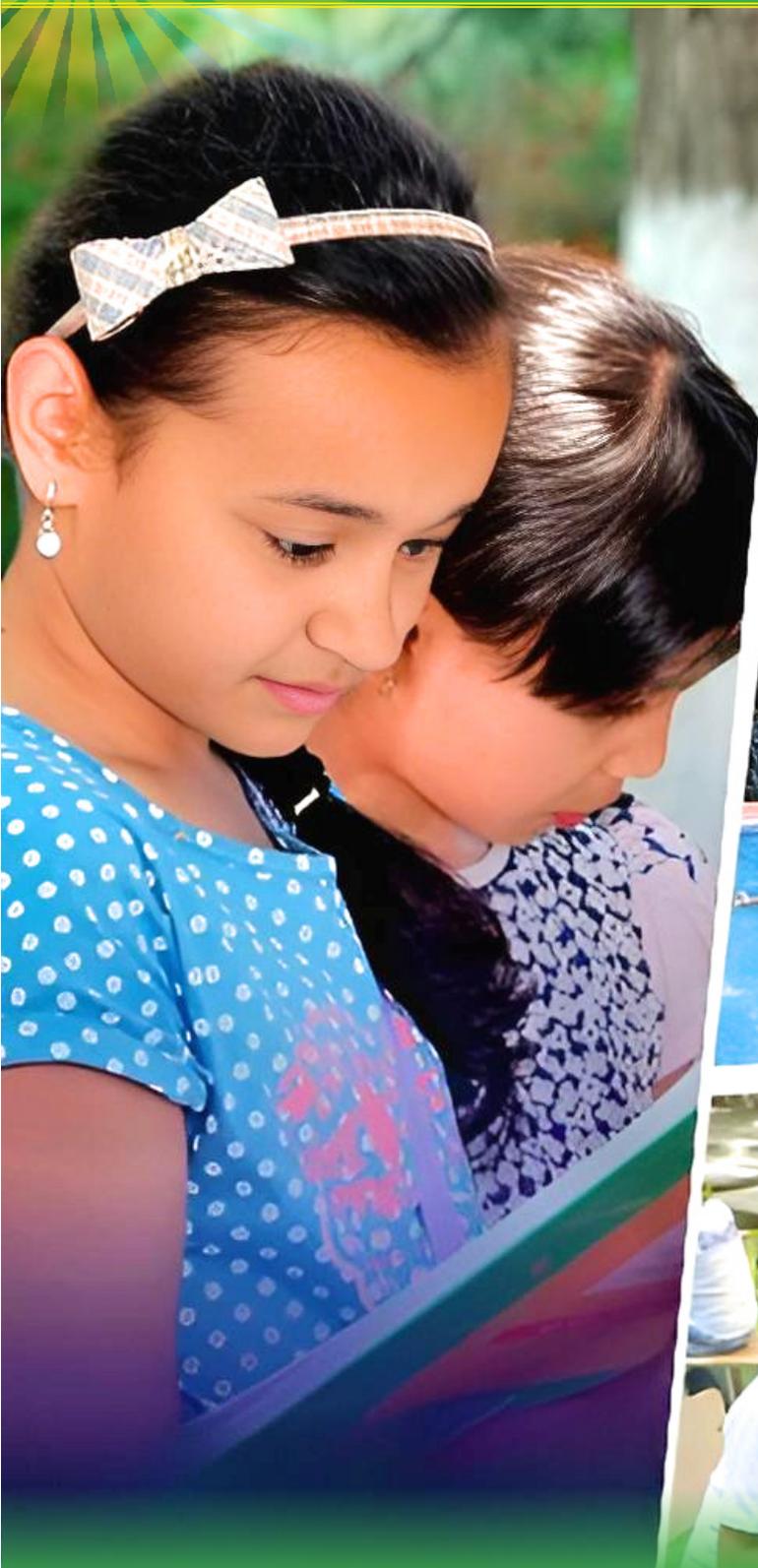




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REPRESENTATION OF SADNESS IN ENGLISH AND UZBEK LANGUAGES

Annotation: this article explores the representation of sadness in English and Uzbek languages, delving into the diverse vocabulary, expressions, and cultural contexts surrounding this universal human emotion. By examining the linguistic and cultural nuances of sadness in these two distinct languages, we gain a deeper understanding of how different cultures express and convey this profound feeling. Through an analysis of vocabulary, idiomatic expressions, and literary traditions, we unveil the rich and varied ways in which English and Uzbek capture the complexities of sadness.

Key words: *sadness, representation, language, culture, emotion, English, Uzbek, vocabulary, expressions, literary traditions, cultural context.*

Аннотация: эта статья исследует представление печали в английском и узбекском языках, углубляясь в разнообразный словарь, выражения и культурные контексты, окружающие эту универсальную человеческую эмоцию. Изучая языковые и культурные нюансы грусти в этих двух различных языках, мы получаем более глубокое понимание того, как различные культуры выражают и передают это глубокое чувство.

Ключевые слова: *печаль, представление, язык, культура, эмоции, английский, узбекский, лексика, выражения, литературные традиции, культурный контекст.*

Annotatsiya: mazkur maqola ingliz va o'zbek tillarida qayg'uning ifodalanishini tadqiqot qilib, ushbu inson emotsiyasini turli xil vaziyatlarda, fikr va madaniy kontekstlarda qo'llanilishi o'rganiladi. Ushbu ikki turli tilda madaniy nuanslarini o'rganiladi.

Kalit so'zlar: *qayg'u, ta'rif, til, madaniyat, hissiyot, ingliz, o'zbek, leksika, fikr, adabiy an'analar, madaniy kontekst.*

Introduction. Sadness is a profoundly ingrained emotion in the human experience, and its representation in language provides important insights into the cultural and linguistic variations of many communities. The English and Uzbek languages, both with their own literary traditions and cultural settings, offer a wide range of methods to express and embody grief. This essay seeks to shed light on the various representations of melancholy in English and Uzbek, emphasizing the diverse vocabulary, idiomatic expressions, and cultural attitudes that define the linguistic landscape of grief in these two languages.

Analysis. Sadness is a universal emotion that is firmly rooted in the human experience. It is a complex and powerful emotion that individuals of different countries and backgrounds can relate to. The portrayal of grief in language is especially interesting since different languages and cultures may have distinct ways of expressing and transmitting this emotion. In this essay, we will look at how English and Uzbek depict grief, and how these two languages reflect the intricacies of this universal emotion.

English has a large vocabulary, which is especially useful for describing emotions like grief. There are several words and phrases in English that represent the full range of sadness, from melancholy and sorrow to anguish and despair. For example, English has a range of adjectives and adverbs that can describe varying degrees of sadness, such as "sad," "miserable," "gloomy," "despondent," "heartbroken," "dejected," and "forlorn." Additionally, English features a plethora of idiomatic expressions and metaphors related to

sadness, such as "down in the dumps," "feeling blue," "heartache," and "a heavy heart." In comparison, the representation of sadness in the Uzbek language is also nuanced and expressive. Uzbek, as a Turkic language, has its own unique lexicon for describing and expressing sadness. In Uzbek, there are words and phrases that capture specific shades of sadness, such as "qayg'u," which refers to a deep, soulful sorrow, or "ishqiy kayfiyat," which conveys the emotional distress of lovesickness. Similarly, Uzbek utilizes idiomatic expressions and proverbs to convey sadness, such as "ajoyib xazinlar," which means "wonderful sadness," and "yuragim go'zal," which translates to "my heart is beautiful" and expresses a poetic sadness. Beyond words and emotions, the representation of grief in language encompasses the linguistic and cultural environment in which it is communicated. English and Uzbek, for example, may have different cultural perspectives on how melancholy is seen and communicated. In English-speaking countries, sadness may be openly discussed and shared, whereas in Uzbek culture, stoicism and emotional control may be valued.

Furthermore, both languages' artistic and literary heritage influence how sadness is represented. English literature has produced timeless works that dive into the depths of human grief, from Shakespeare's sad plays to Emily Dickinson's poetry and Charles Dickens' novels. Meanwhile, Uzbek literature, entrenched in Central Asian heritage, provides a plethora of poetic phrases and storytelling that portray the people's melancholy and longing.

Conclusion. The way that grief is portrayed in Uzbek and English reflects the distinctive linguistic, cultural, and artistic characteristics of these two different languages. English and Uzbek both provide an insight into the human experience across all countries and traditions by offering rich and varied methods of expressing and embodying the emotion of grief. We can better appreciate the profound and enduring character of grief by delving into the subtleties of language's representation of this emotion.

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THE GOALS AND OBJECTIVES OF TERMINOLOGY AND LEXICOGRAPHY AS A FIELD OF LINGUISTICS

Annotation: terminology and lexicography, as fields of linguistics, share a common goal: to document and organize language. However, they differ in their focus and methods. Both terminology and lexicography play crucial roles in documenting and organizing language. Terminology focuses on creating controlled vocabularies for specific domains, while lexicography strives for a comprehensive documentation of a language's vocabulary. Their shared goal is to promote clear communication, understanding, and knowledge sharing.

Key words: *dictionary, lexicography, phrase, terms, terminology.*

Annotatsiya: terminologiya va leksikografiya tilshunoslik sohalari sifatida umumiy maqsadda bir-biriga bog'liq sohalar. Biroq, ular o'zlarining usullarida farqlanadi. Terminologiya va leksikografiya tilni hujjatlashtirish va tartibga solishda hal qiluvchi rol o'ynaydi. Terminologiya muayyan sohalar uchun boshqariladigan lug'atlarni yaratishga e'tibor qaratadi, leksikografiya esa tilning lug'atini to'liq hujjatlashtirishga intiladi. Ularning umumiy maqsadi aniq muloqot, tushunish va bilim almashishni targ'ib qilishdir.

Kalit so'zlar: *lug'at, leksikografiya, ibora, atamalar, terminologiya.*

Аннотация: терминология и лексикография как области лингвистики имеют общую цель: документировать и организовывать язык. Однако они различаются по направленности и методам. И терминология, и лексикография играют решающую роль в документировании и организации языка. Terminologiya fokusiruyetsya na sozdaniy kontrolirovemykh slovarей для конкретных областей, а лексикография стремится к всестороннему документированию словарного запаса языка. Их общая цель — способствовать четкому общению, взаимопониманию и обмену знаниями.

Ключевые слова: *словарь, лексикография, словосочетание, термины, терминология.*