

THE DEVELOPMENT OF ENLIGHTENMENT IDEAS AND THEIR HISTORY

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Annotation

This article discusses the importance of religious education and upbringing in the formation of personal spirituality, religious values, Islamic philosophy, in particular, the moral principles of mystical philosophy on the education of the perfect man, the role of education in protecting young people from destructive ideas.

Keywods: spiritual culture, tradition, morality, happiness, ability, activity, science, labor, value, thinking, heritage, scientific heritage.

Introduction

The stages of development of pedagogy provide all students with information about the role of the art of education in the historical aspects and the laws of development, pedagogical thoughts and ideas. The pedagogical ideas and views of the Czech pedagogue Jan Amos Comenius, the famous Swiss pedagogue Iogenn Heinrich Pestalozzi, the Russian educators KDUshinsky, NKKrupskaya, AS Makarenko, VA Sukhomlinsky are an important impetus in the process of educating young professionals. . Comenius's great service to humanity is that he made a great contribution to pedagogy, the science of teaching and educating the younger generation. His thought in the process of upbringing is imbued with the ideas of love of life and humanity. Comenius says that since school begins in the world of enlightenment, it should teach the child emotional knowledge, mental knowledge. When he thinks about upbringing, he relies on the method of induction, draws on experience, draws conclusions from facts.

It is well known that the past is the moral heritage of the East

- Legends, narrations, exhortations and proverbs of educational significance In his work "The Great Didactics" Comenius emphasizes the need to divide the years of youth into four periods. Childhood, childhood, adolescence, adulthood. I.G. Pestallozi's worldview was to better understand and observe the life of the whole people and to advance the ideas of the French enlighteners, especially J. Russo. In his Lingard and Gertrude, The "Alphabet of Observation" emphasizes the need to organize the school, to provide students with labor, physical and moral education in



the educational process. KD Ushinsky's Experimental Work on Pedagogical Anthropology, NA Krupskaya's "Public Education and Democracy", AS Makarenko's "Pedagogical Poem", "Lectures on the Upbringing of Children", "Some Conclusions from the Experience of Education", "My Sacrifice to Children" by VA Sukhomlinsky, The works "Methods of educating the team", "Interview with a young director" are of great educational value. Each of them put forward their pedagogical ideas and ideas about humanity, patriotism, social activism, inter-ethnicity, love of work, creative life widespread. The thinkers who grew up in Central Asia were A.N. Farobi, Abu Ali Ibn Sino, A.R. The pedagogical views, educational ideas, views and heritage of Yugnakiy, M. Kashgari, M. Behbudi, A. Fitrat, A. Avloni and others have a positive impact on the comprehensive spiritual formation of our students. shows. The emergence of the first pedagogical ideas

began in ancient Greece in the III-I centuries BC. Slaves who take their slave's children on trips, feed them, and take responsibility for their upbringing are called educators. An important problem of modern orientation is the upbringing of a harmoniously developed generation that has reached intellectual maturity. We need not only well-educated professionals, but also people who, as the President said, understand their worth, have a strong will, full faith and a clear purpose in life. Because enlightenment means not only knowledge and skills, but also deep spirituality and good morals.

Through this practical training, the requirements of pedagogical ideas of Eastern thinkers, ideas of Western thinkers and Russian pedagogical scientists on education and upbringing, works of enlightenment leaders related to national education, the emergence of science provides insights into history, development, and progress. This topic has a positive effect on the education of students as qualified, mature people. The idea of educating boys and girls plays an important role in the teachings of Eastern thinkers. According to our ancient traditions, artisans and craftsmen, architects and painters, farmers and herdsmen, weavers and bakers are masters and students. Our wise people have created such proverbs as "A disciple who is not a master is not a disciple", "A skilled person will never be despised", "A teacher is as great as your father", "Do not leave your teacher who taught you". those who dreamed of death. Abu Ali Ibn Sina is one of the Eastern thinkers who, as a great encyclopedic scholar, tried to scientifically reveal the essence of all phenomena. His pedagogical and psychological views are based on science, which created the use of universal ideas in the formation of the child's character and imagination, and the educator, the parents to bring him up through personal example rather than severe punishment. 'showed slavery.



The works "Encyclopedia", "Risolai ishq", "Household", "Laws of Medicine" have a special place in the world of moral psychology and medicine of the peoples of our country.

The thoughts of the thinker on the education of diligence are also noteworthy. In particular, he says, every child should be taught a profession. If a young man learns a trade, is able to put it into practice, and is able to support his family through an independent profession, his father should marry him.

As a teenager acquires a profession, he begins to acquire not only moral feelings, but also the willpower of the character. Adolescents develop human qualities such as patience, endurance, diligence, business acumen, entrepreneurship, and ingenuity.

Ibn Sina did a great deal of practical work because he insisted that each person should be given special attention based on his client. According to him, everyone has only the qualities that belong to him, and there are very few people like him.

Even today, the philosophical and psychological views of the scientist have not lost their value in our social life. His views on parenting and the client are of particular importance and have made a worthy contribution to the ethics of interpersonal relationships. The works of the scientist in the fields of philosophy, logic, psychology, political and social sciences, which we have inherited, serve as a program for mankind. In this regard, the pamphlets of MG Davletshin and KK Mamedov "Psychological views of Ibn Sina" (Tashkent State Agrarian University-2002) are noteworthy.

The great 11th century thinker Yusuf Khas Hajib analyzed his views on man and his life in his book Utadghu Bilig. He said that man was created by Allah and that man's birth and future development as a human being depends on his ancestry and origin, his activities in life, and his relationship with the environment. Goodness and many benefits will come to the people.

Talented poet, leading historian, skilled translator Muhammad Riza Ogahi in his creative work, very carefully observing the mental, emotional and physical capabilities of boys and girls, to quickly learn their behavior, negative and concludes that it is easier to identify positive qualities, to eliminate unpleasant behaviors. Agahi expressed his valuable views on the professions, customs and traditions of his time. Explaining the traditions and customs of the people, he describes the importance of different professions in human development.

In the works, manuals, philosophical and psychological considerations of Jalaliddin Rumi, Abu Rayhan Beruni, Mir Alisher Navoi, Khorezmi and others, who lived and worked in the XII-XVI centuries, there are many ideas about various professions.

Written in 1913 by Abdullah Avloni, a leading twentieth-century enlightener



The book "Turkish Gulistan or Morality" explains the upbringing of children, its social significance from a philosophical and pedagogical point of view. The role of the family and the community in the process of education and upbringing glorifies their interaction. According to his interpretation, the fact that a well-rounded person has a wide range of knowledge, mastering the secrets of a good profession, in many respects, depends on the harmony of social environment and family conditions.

Every line of the precious spiritual wealth left by the thinkers of the East

When we analyze them openly, we can get exemplary and valuable insights into their human maturity, spirituality and diligence, the formation of children and youth into well-rounded people and their vocational training. A number of architectural structures, great historical monuments, works of folk art (painting, pottery, architecture) that have survived to the present day, as well as handicrafts found as a result of archeological research, all of which are of great interest to our great ancestors. dod and talent, leaving behind invaluable material.

There is a wonderful tradition among our people: getting to know each other starts with asking about the situation, the rhythm of communication, and ends with the desire to determine the profession, the profession. Therefore, every citizen, in front of an individual, "In what situation did I live in the world (sequence of life and activity), what strange things did I do (the quality of the product of labor, its relevance to eternity)?" Am I happy with my destiny (meaning life strategy and tactics)? Have I been able to accomplish the tasks ahead of me (imagining planning, monitoring, evaluating, checking, etc.), and have I achieved my goal (goal setting, achieving it, selecting and implementing a set of effective tools)? It is natural for questions to arise and problems arise. Therefore, when studying a person (future professional subject), it is necessary to pay close attention to his / her biography, to get acquainted with him / her, to determine his / her social status (status, position, role, organizational skills). a thorough examination of the position he has held to date (professional ability, the characteristics of his suitability), a reasonable assessment of his abilities (professional, general appearance) in order to determine his suitability for this or that course of action. In this regard, we consider it appropriate to quote the following instructive thoughts of a leading psychiatrist Jalaliddin Rumi. "You can forget everything, just one thing - why you were born, if you don't forget. You don't sell yourself cheap, you sell yourself. "We think that these sentences have enough meaning for the thinkers.



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